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For \$190,

Actually worth \$275. It would be very thankfully received by any them for a Thanksgiving present.

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PERSONAL AND SOCIETY.

Mr. F. A. W. Davis, of the water company, is very ill, at his home, on North Mrs. Campbell, of Danville, is the guest of her daughter, Mrs. John T. Barnett, on North Meridian street. Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Divine will come to

spend Thanksgiving with Mr. Divine's parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. L. Divine. Mrs. Carrie Morrison Norton and children, of Chicago, are visiting Mrs. Foudray, on North New Jersey street. Mrs. Cortez Ewing, of Greensburg, is

visiting her parents, Governor and Mrs. Claude Matthews, on North Illinois street, Mrs. Henry Atterbury, who has been the guest of Mrs. William H. Coleman for a few weeks, left for her home in St. Louis yesterday. Mr. George Wheelock, of Chicago, will

come to-day to spend a week with the family of Mr. L. S. Ayres, on North Dela-Mrs. Frederick C. Woodburn, who has been the guest of Miss Cora Bigney, at Cincinnati, for a fortnight, will return home to-day.

Miss Sada Cornelius has issued invitations for an informal reception, Friday evening, from 8 to 11 o'clock, in honor o her guest, Miss Bailor. Mrs. James E. Roberts has issued invita-

tions for a reception on Dec. 6, in honor of Mrs. Jefferson H. Claypool, at her home on North Meridian street. Mr. Charles' E. Goffin, of this city, has compiled a handbook of whist, which he calls the "Gist of Whist," and it will be

published in a short time. The regular weekly meeting of the Flower Mission will be held this morning, at 10:30 o'clock, at Plymouth Church, instead of tomorrow, which is a holiday.

Miss Josephine Hill, who came from St Louis to attend the Macfarlane-Fletcher wedding and the reunion of Mrs. J. R. Brown's bridesmaids has returned home. Mrs. John Julian will give an exhibit of her China painting, at the Denison Wednesday and Thursday, Dec. 6 and 7 and her friends are invited to call on her there those two dates.

Mrs. Winifred Hunter Mooney, of Columbus, has returned from a visit to Orlando Fla., and New Orleans, and is with her parents for a short time before going to her home in Columbus. Miss Virginia Minor, principal of the

Breyfogle Kindergarten and Training

School, at New Albany, will spend Thanks-giving and the remainder of the week with her parents, at No. 111 Park avenue. Dr. Julia Hibben, of this city, will be married Saturday to Dr. Charles E. Flagg Dr. Flagg's home has been in South Carolina until recently, when he was ordered to

report at the United States arsenal, Presidio, at San Francisco. Dr. Flagg belongs to the United States army. The exhibit of pictures which Mr. T. C. Steele, the artist, has had for the past few days will remain open the remainder of the week, at his studio, at the corner of

Pennsylvania and Seventh streets. The pictures are the fruit of Mr. Steele's summer, spent at Vernon, and they are very beautiful. A general invitation is extended to the public to visit the exhibit. The members of St. Paul's Church will hold a Thanksgiving market in the room on North Meridian street, next to the new public library, to-day, from 9 to 6 o'clock.

They will have all the proper goodies for a Thanksgiving dinner for sale and there will be a variety of salads, cakes and home-made candies, in addition to the usual meats and vegetables found in the market. A generous patronage by their friends is

Mr. Ortengrin, of Chicago, who was to have given the recital for the Matines Musicale, this afternoon, is indisposed and will be unable to come. Instead of the programme announced the officers congrat ulate themselves that they have been able to supply his place and those who are to participate will be Miss Lill Thober, of Chicago, recently returned from Berlin, where she was the favorite pupil of Josep Joachim, to give a violin recital, assisted by Miss Dreba Pantzer, of Sheboygan, Wis. a contralto, recently a pupil of the Royal Academy of Music, of Berlin. The accompanist will be Miss Bertha Lotz, of Chicago, an accomplished planist, who has studied in this country and Europe.

MAAS-METZGER The marriage of Miss Bertha Metzger daughter of Mrs. Alexander Metzger, and Mr. George L. Maas took place, last evening, at the family residence, at the corner of Tennessee and Fourth streets. Only the relatives and a very few friends were present. The ceremony was performed by Judge James M. Winters. An orchestra played the wellding march as the bride and groom entered the parlor, which was adorned with flowers and palms. The only attendant was little Gertrude Metzger, a niece of the bride, who, dressed in white carried a basket of flowers and preceded the bride and groom. The bride wore a pretty gown of white silk and her only adornment was flowers. After the service had been read the company were seated to an elaborate supper and the orchestra discoursed sweet music. Mr. and Mrs. Maas have gone to housekeeping at No. 54 Vine street, where they will be at home to

A PRETTY RECEPTION. Mrs. Mary Allison Sellers entertained a large number of friends, yesterday afternoon, from 2 to 6 o'clock, at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Quincy Van Winkle, on North Illinois street. Seventy-two invitations were issued and there were very few regrets. The guests were received in the parlor by Mrs. Sellers and Mrs. Van Winkle, assisted by Mrs. John W. Murphy, a sister of Mrs. Sellers. The decorations of the room were in yellow and green. The lights were all shielded with shades of yellow and the mantels were filled with flowers, and palms, and ferns. In the second room the adornment was of light green and in the library, where lemonade was served, the color was rich red. The ladies assisting in the different rooms were Mrs. Eb. Shirk, of Chicago, Mrs. Dora Tousey, Frederick Thomas, Mrs. Harry Murphy. Mrs. Claude Griffith and Mrs. Robert Allison. All the assistants, except Mrs. Tousey and Mrs. Alison, are nieces of Mrs. Sellers, and Mrs. Allison is her daughterin-law. In the dining room the decorations were very tasteful. The globes on the chandelier were covered with pink shades and from the chandelier to each corner of the table were strands of smilax. In the center of the table was a large oval basket of La France roses and maidenhair fern. and strewn over the cloth were fern leaves and pink carnations. On the buffet was a large block of ice bordered with ferns and flowers, and frozen within it was a fish. The ice in the lemonade bowl had a bunch of flowers frozen in it. It was expected that the three friends who were bridesmaids for Mrs. Sellers would be present,

Marriage Licenses.

but all were detained.

Marriage licenses were issued, yesterday, to: Thomas Dain and Ire F. Kempfer, Henry D. Keller and Minnie M. Quade, Thomas Duffey and Ellen Fitzgibbon, Matt Mass and Bertha W. Metzger. union is strongly favored, and the most | medicine a trial.

F. M. B. A. Is Very Wroth at the Secretary of Agriculture.

President Robinson Upon the Smashing of a Trust-Amalgamation of Agrarian Orders Talked Of.

The General Assembly of the F. M. B. A. began its first day's session with about twenty delegates in attendance from the seven States-Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Iowa, Missouri, Kentucky, and West Virginiarepresenting a membership of forty thousand. President C. A. Robinson, of Fountaintown, called the meeting to order at 2 o'clock, and read his annual address, which in substance, follows:

"There is hardly a limit to the good that has been done by this order for its members. Only a few years ago the farmers were at the mercy of a corporative enemy that controlled one of the staple necessities of the farm. A trust that cared not if the farmer and his family were clothed in rags so that he could be plucked for the benefit of vicious, extravagant stockholders in this gigantic swindling concern. This octopus was the Twine Trust. So fat did it become and so viciously extravagant that its pro-moters openly boasted of maintaining the most expensive and wickedly luxurious dens, which they named clubhouses, in the great cities of the land, and they became so arrogant and self-confident that they thought no power could wrest from their grasp the toiling farmer.

SMASHED THE TRUST. "Ere they were aware of it, however, they were met face to face with a band of yeomen, who gave no quarter nor asked any, and in less than two years the great twine trust, whose power was supposed to be unlimited, fell with a dull thud, which meant its death, and there it lies, and there will lie all others of its kind until the farmers disband their organization. If they disband it will again rise up and sink the chain deeper into their firsh than ever. A slave that makes an attempt to free himself and fails furnishes his master an excuse for practicing greater tyranny over him. Organized farmers alone deserve the credit for destroying this monster, and the

F. M. B. A. was in the front rank in the

"Again, we had been all along isolated from the city markets on account of a lack of confidence in ourselves, which condition men took advantage of and grew rich as distributors of the wealth we produced. It is not enough for the farmer to go into the fields and produce food and raiment for consumption by his fellow-men. His mission is not yet fulfilled. To be an intelligent manager of his business he must see to it that his products are placed in the ands of the consumer with the least possiole expense to himself. As a member of the Farmers' Mutual Benefit Association he has learned to do this until now there is not a nember of the order who need complain of the distribution of his products. Every lodge in the country, through the efficiency of our trade arrangements, has been able o secure the co-operation of commission merchants and others engaged in the discosal of farm products until we are able to raise our grain and live stock and send it direct to the market."

"In the matter of purchasing supplies our embers have been even more favorably situated. For some time after we were organized it was difficult to obtain concessions from jobbers or manufacturers, but is time went on and we became possessed of more knowledge on the subject we discovered many such who were and are yet juite willing to extend the advantages of direct trade to the members of the order. i might mention lodge after lodge that has aken advantage of these opportunities, and are now deriving much benefit from them, Frue, some have been slow to take advantige of favors within their reach, but all tave been possessed of the knowledge that led to success in this line, and the order has done its whole duty in this particular. Farm implements, groceries, dry goods, inder twine and supplies generally have seen secured at a rate much less than the retail figure, yet the field is scarcely enered in which the good things offered by

"In the beginning of its history the

order are attainable.

'armers' Mutual Benefit Association set orth a declaration of principles, a series of demands which it was pleased to call ts platform. A glance at these demands show to the investigator that they ould never be secured except by political ction. It is not for me to question the wisdom of those who promuigated these rinciples, or to doubt the propriety of making such demands; suffice it to say that these demands were in existence when I ccepted my present position, and as the servant of the order the only thing left for ne to do was to defend them. This I have done to the best of my ability, and I have no apology to make to the outside for my actions. If the declaration of principles is wrong, change it; or if it be the part of visdom to abolish any such declaration enirely, then do so, but do not make a platform for me to stand upon and then ask me to become an apologist for it. But just now, when we think we begin to see where we may extend our usefulness and become greater factor for the upbuilding of mankind, the order comes from the national capital for us to disband. The boodle poliician and corporation lobbyist who disgraces the office of Secretary of Agriculure announces through the press that the armer's greatest enemy and destroyer are he farmer's organizations, because they ob him of his individuality. Now, if there is any one thing the F. M. B. A. is proud

"ROASTING" MORTON. "The dear old Grange, God bless her, is the mother of the office of the Secretary of is position by the grace of her existence. This is not the first case on record of base ngratitude shown by a son to his mother. Yet what more could we expect of one who has fled from his paternal roof and sought the associations of soulless corporations, and himself become so lost to all the priniples of honor as to work willingly and inlustriously for a syndicate of stockholders and an emporium of semi-professional jack-

f. it is its record in the line of strengthen-

ng the personal character of its members.

"For the future I trust I may be pardoned if I offer some suggestions. My greatest desire is to do the best I can to promote the interests and welfare of the armer. I am satisfied that he is comparatively helpless when laboring alone to better his condition, hence the necessity of organization is comparatively clear to the investigating mind. At the present time there are many farmers' organizations in the country, each working independently of any other. It is very clear to me that to accomplish the greatest amount of good t would be far better if these organizations could be united in one consolidated union, which, as one grand whole, would wield a mighty influence in whatever line it might choose to act. The detailed plan of perfecting such a union embraces too broad a field for me to enter here, but I sincerely hope that the question of a general union of all the farm organizations will be discussed and that steps will be taken looking to that end. To secure such a result it may be necessary to yield certain theories by all, but that such a course would be preferable to conditions now existing I can hardly doubt.

"Finally, let us battle on for the calling we have chosen, and engage to assert and defend the rights of the humblest and the highest. Above all, let us strive to inculcate in the minds of all farmers a desire for that higher education which will make them much stronger individually and less dependent upon others, and may our highest aim and end be the upbuilding of man-

kind the whole world over." OPINION AMONG THE MEMBERS. The committee on finance had not arranged its entire report, but sufficient was ready to show that the organization is in good financial condition, with money left in the treasury. The committee on laws met and decided to make no changes, so the ritual of last year will remain in force. Rapid advancement has been observed along the lines of co-operative trade, which was the foundation and purpose of the organization. This department is composed of members from all political parties, and nothing appears in this part of the assoclation which makes any political demands upon the members. Certain reforms will be advocated along this line. The main legislative reform which will be advocated by the organization will be the exclusive issuance of money by the government. In this the sentiment of the association has changed materially from what it was before Mr. Cleveland was elected, when this body advocated the free and unlimited coinage of silver. Some of the members still advocate the old idea, but they are said to be very few. The question of transportation was not touched a year ago at the meeting of the assembly, but this year there is a growing sentiment that all transportation should be in the hands of the government. This idea has, however, serious opposition in the ranks of the membership. One of the principal subects under discussion yesterday was how to secure

adequate means in the power of the association will be brought to bear on this

THE RESOLUTIONS BRIEF. The committee or resolutions reported at the meeting last night. The report was brief, and a number of things were left out which Chairman Robinson in the afternoon indicated would be incorporated in them.

They are as follows: Resolved. That we hereby reiterate and affirm our adherence to the fundamental principles upon which our organization is That we emphasize the importance of a higher education and increased social and

fraternal relations among farmers, and commend our lodges as the most valuable means to this end. That we unequivocally condemn the ut terances attributed to Secretary of Agri culture Morton in his speech at the world's fair corgress, and we feel that his offensive reference to farm organizations

should be publicly withdrawn. Mr. Robinson anticipated that more would be said concerning co-operative trade, and from what he said he evidently thought something would be declared in regard to money in the future being issued by the government and none by private corpora-tions. He also anticipated that something would be incorporated in the resolutions concerning other reforms which have been discussed by the association. The election of officers occurs to-day.

RACE TRACK AT ROBY

It Is to Be Opened Up Again for Winter Running on "Skates."

Eastern Syndicate Is to Take Hold of It -The Fights Scheduled for Monday Night and the Militia.

There is to be another thorn added to Governor Matthews's wreath of care and trouble concerning that little barren bit of land on the edge of Lake county, at least so comes the word from Chicago. There will be more work cut out for Sheriff Fredericks and his pumpkin-husking minions from Wayback and Farback. The Roby race track is to open for a season of winter sport, and the date set for the in-

ugural dash is Dec. 15. None of the old crowd that made such a miserable failure of the track last winter will have a finger in this piece of pie. Al though strenuously denied a few weeks ago by John Condon, Paddy Ryan and Webb the track and all of its buildings, lease, etc., has passed into the hands of an Eastern syndicate. Walbaum is not in on the deal either, but the people who are behind the new venture are, however, men who are a power in Eastern racing, and, it is said have unlimited capital to stay in the fight and win out if possible.

Furthermore, to make the scheme more of a success, one of the four railroad companies running within a few hundred feet of the main entrance to the track, has been persuaded that the venture can be a per fect success financially, and has been in duced to take a large block of the stock The reason for this is obvious. It will in sure first-class transportation to and from the track, the lack of which last winter, and the failure to pay salaries and purses,

helped along a most disastrous failure. There will be no foreign race board a which one man can make the odds to suit himself and two men rake in all the money The foreign race privilege will be sold daily the same as at Guttenburg. The privilege will cost, \$250 daily, and five books will be allowed to "cut in" to make a book on the various Eastern and Southern events. The local racing privilege will be at the same old figure-\$100 a day, and as many books as desire may draw in. The money to be hung up each day for lot of crabs to race for will be \$2,200-a \$600 handicap and four purse races of \$400

Already the work has commenced at th A small force of workmen has been busy for the last few days patching up th stables and setting the grand stand shape. The force will be increased this week, and when the opening day arrives the grand stand, betting ring, stables and track will be in better condition than ever

No officers have as yet been selected for the new enterprise, but a meeting will held by the syndicate this week and a pre siding judge, secretary, clerk of the scales and starter will be appointed. As Colone Clark is under contract to preside at Pate's Mexican scheme, he will not even b thought of, and some speculation is already advanced as to who will be presiding judge It is said that Joe Swigert can have the position if he wants it, and it is a certaint; that he can fill the bill equally as good not better than Colonel Clark. At least there would be fewer grand stand parade and a closer attention paid to scheming bookmakers and backward-riding jockeys Mark Farley has been spoken of as sec retary, but some opposition has been ad vanced toward him. It is said that the Eastern people will bring their own starter with them, and this means probably Jimmy McLaughlin in the box.

STATE MILITIA READY.

The Governor Will Allow No Fight at Roby on Monday.

A series of fights is booked for Roby at griculture, and J. Sterling Morton holds | the new Athletic Carb for Monday night. It was announced at the Statehouse yes terday that the State militia is in readiness for any call the Governor may make. At will be no more contests at Roby under any circumstances. The Governor has obtained record of O'Malley's career to be used in vidence in the case in the Supreme Court. The most strenuous efforts possible have been used to keep the affair a secret until was deemed expedient to make a public innouncement, but the matter leaked out, and the local representative, who for obvious reasons desires no publicity, admitted ast night that the track would be ready for ousiness Dec. 15, providing no opposition was met.

"We're going in to stay," he said last

night, "and if it comes to a fight we will

mave plenty of money to carry the fight

along. Hawthorne has had a monopoly of

the racing business since the close of Washngton Park, and we feel that we are entitled to get a little of the money in sight Had Hawthorne closed down when the cold weather set in Roby would never have pened. Mr. Corrigan, however, has made all preparation for a winter's campaign, and this fact determined us into opening the Indiana track and wage the warfare which Hawthorne courts. Money is easier, too, now than it was last winter, and we will try to get some of it or lose our own. It is purely a gamble, the same as any ther racing association, and we are not going into the business for health alone. "If Mr. Corrigan lets us alone we will not interfere with his business, but if he fights us we will fight back, with money enough behind us to make the fight good and win it. While I am sorry that the proposed scheme has leaked out, and will now become public property, I will make no attempt to deny it. You can say, and truthfully, too, that on Dec. 15 we will present as good a card to the racing public of Chiage as it has seen since Washington Park losed. The racing will be conducted on a square, honest basis, which, with the perfect transportation facilities which we will ave, will insure success." From statements recently published regard to the Roby case it might seem to outside persons or persons not well acmainted with the facts in the case as though the Attorney-general had made an attack upon the official acts of the Governr or State Auditor. This is not the case. Mr. Smith offered an official opinion in the matter and went no further. He did not intend to imply that either of these officers had been gullty of any actions not strictly in accordance with the law. What he did say was in a suppositious way, that for instance if a warrant were drawn in a certain manner, etc., it would be felonious.

and have been of the most pleasant. Lackey Brought Back. Lewis Lackey, aged eighteen years, was brought back from Terre Haute last night by detective Pat Doherty. Lackey will be brought before the police judge this morning on the charge of having criminally assaulted four-year-old Nellie Thompson, of

The same might have been applied to any

other official or unofficial act. Mr. Smith's

against him, and relates a strange story of an existence surrounded by vice and sin. Hood's Sarsaparilla has cured many af-Ahern, George L. | the union of all farm organizations. This | who suffer from this disease to give this

Southport. The prisoner denies the charge

MORE BANK METHODS

How Woodard Got His Loan Comes Out in the Receiver's Suit.

Director Peirce's Connection with the Electric Headlight Company-Mr. Coffin's Stock in Trust.

Four suits were filed in the United States Court yesterday by Edward Hawkins, receiver of the Indianapolis National Bank, in the first of which R. B. F. Peirce and John C. Shaffer are defendants. Suits were also instituted against R. B. F. Peirce individually to recover the amount of notes given by him for money secured from the insolvent bank. The first complaint involves Messrs. Peirce, Shaffer and J. H. Woodard and the queer security given by Woodard for a loan, the story of which was printed in the Journal some weeks ago. The story of the operations of the defendants began when Woodard came to Indianapolis from the West and sought to dispose of an option which he held upon the Los Angeles, Cal., water works plant. After casting about for some time he interested R. B. F. Peirce and J. C. Shaffer in the scheme, and on the recommendation of the two gentlemen, it is averred, was advanced \$2,500 from the funds of the Indianapolis National Bank. With the note which Woodard negotiated for the money was the following agreement, duly signed by R. B. F. Peirce and J. C. Shaffer: "We, Robert B. F. Peirce and John C. Shaffer, hereby guarantee payment of

certain promissory note executed by J. H. Woodard to the Indianapolis National Bank for \$2,500, due Oct. 1, 1893." Attached to the above agreement the following was set out by J. H. Woodard, and in addition it was stated that the option was assigned solely for the security of the promissory note:

"To secure the payment of said note when becomes due I hereby assign to the Indianapolis National Bank all my right, title and interest in a certain written option ex-ecuted and given by me to R. B. F. Peirce and J. C. Shaffer, dated Feb. 27, 1893, a copy of which is signed by me and indorsed opy of original agreement.

Another paper signed by Woodard Pierce and Shaffer and bearing the date of Feb. 27, 1893, was put into the bank with the note. It reads:

"I have this day borrowed from J. C. Shaffer and R. B. F. Peirce the sum of \$1,000, for which I have executed to them my promissory note, due Sept. 1, 1893. I hereby agree that said Shaffer and Peirce may, at their option, buy all of my interest now held or hereafter to be acquired by me i the pending deal of the Los Angeles (Cal. water works at the sum and price of \$15,-000. In case said Shaffer and Peirce elect to avail themselves of said privilege to purchase, the said sum of \$1,000 shall be credited on said purchase price of \$15,000. This option terminates Sept. 1, 1893, unless extended by agreement."

It is claimed that before Messrs. Peirce and Shaffer secured the option on the water works company they paid \$50,000, the larger portion of the sum being furnished by Mr. Shaffer. This, however, is not set forth in the complaint. At the close of the Indianapolis National's business career the note for \$2,500 executed by J. H. Woodard and guaranteed by Messrs. Peirce and Shaffer, remained unpaid, and was turned in as among the assets of the in solvent institution. The attorney for the receiver, concluding that the guarantors were not disposed to pay off the paper. filed suit against them to recover the

The most startling of the suits filed yesterday relates something of the history of the National Electric Headlight Company of which R. B. F. Peirce was president. The company was incorporated as an Indianapolis concern, and, as the complaint alleges, it appears that from the incipiency of the institution it was accommodated by the Indianapolis National Bank. In the at legations the receiver claims to hold notes signed by R. B. F. Peirce as president and negotiated in favor of the Nationa Headlight Company, amounting to \$31,049. The sum of \$32,000 is demanded. All the notes remain unpaid and unsecured. Much of the paper dates back to the first organization of the headlight company, and shows that it has been renewed from time to

In another suit instituted yesterday the receiver of the Indianapolis National Bank illeges that he holds unsecured personal notes signed by R. B. F. Peirce for the sum of \$27,130, which is a personal debt of the defendant. Judgment is asked for \$28,000, Mr. Peirce is further made defendant in suit for his stock assessment of \$20,000. The rumor that Mr. Peirce yet owes for the stock bought by him is denied by the

In addition to suits filed by the bank re ceiver was one against Charles E. Coffin It is alleged that Mr. Coffin refuses to pay the assessment on his stock in the bank. The amount is \$1,000. Mr. Coffin declined to pay the assessmen upon the stock credited to him on the bank's books on the ground that he did not own it. It was, he said, stock which Mr. Haughey had requested him to hold in

Headlight Company Sued. Receiver Hawkins; of the Indianapolis National Bank, yesterday filed suit against the National Electric Headlight Company, asking judgment against the company for \$32,050 on nine notes and the overdraft of the Governor's office it is said that there | the company. From the complaint it would seem that the headlight company was only one of the many concerns that were permitted to live off of the bank by borrowing large sums of money and renewing their notes from time to time. R. B. F. Peirce, president of the headlight company, was a director in the bank, and the total amount loaned to the company, as represented by the nine notes sued upon, was \$31,049. This amount exceeded by \$1.049 the amount which the bank could lawfully loan any one person or corporation. All the notes are signed by Peirce, and none of them are se The dates and amounts the notes are as follows: July 3, \$3,829.83 April 21, \$1,952.59; April 22, \$6,706.41; June \$3,905.57; July 13, \$1,193.95; June 30, \$2,368.75 May 30, \$3,410.95; June 9, \$3,951.54; June 19 \$1,966.19. The overdraft is \$899.25.

HELPING THE UNEMPLOYED. Incidents that Turned Up at the Bureau Yesterday.

As Thanksgiving day approaches the applications for work among the unemployed laboring men of the city increase. Although it would seem that there is little cheer in store for many poverty-stricken families on the day when tables are wont to groan under the burden of sumptuous food, many philanthropic persons have come forward with offers to supply needy families with something more than the ordinary fare contributed by the charity organization.

A pleasant little incident happened in the basement of the Commercial Club yesterday afternoon, when a rosy-cheeked girl tripped up to the clerk and announced her mission. Her parents, she said, desired the name of some deserving family to whom they could furnish a Thanksgiving dinner. The young lady was quickly supplied with a dozen addresses of needy ones.

Daily the call for immediate assistance grows more frequent. One of the impressive cases brought to the notice of the employment bureau yesterday was the story of an old soldier, a G. A. R. man, who was seeking something to do. He was given slight encouragement, and wanted to see relations with his fellow State officers are | Colonel Liliy. "I think if I could see Col. Lilly," he said, "he might do something for me, because he and I were soldiers together. I am in desperate circumstances, with a sick wife at home. I will do anything in the world. I don't care what it is, Give me a job of sweeping at fifty cents a day if you haven't anything else." The old man was told that there might be some work for him in the sewers in a few days, and the cierk asked him if he was strong enough to stand such labor. "I've got the grit," he replied. "I'll work

as long as there is any breath left in this old body of mine. Quite a large number of men were sent

improvements which will give employment to a considerable number of laborers for some weeks. The outlook for other employment is encouraging. The excavations for the school of manual training to be erected on Russell avenue will be begun in a few days, and the majority of laborers employed will be sent from the Commercial Club. It is expected that the sewer work on East Washington street will be commenced within the next few days. These improvements will furnish work for

twenty-five or thirty men. Crowded with Tramps.

The Commercial Club, when it started its bureau of help for labor, was fearful that the wide publication given the plan would bring a large number of the straggling classes to the city in the hope that charity might be given and no work exacted. It was, therefore, announced that after a conference with the city authorities and the County Board of Commissioners steps had been taken to make the city unattractive to tramps. By this was meant that all tramps who sought protection from the weather at the station house and all loiterers should be sent to the workhouse. where the County Commissioners had provided a large pile of stone to be reduced to macadam. It was the supposition of Col. Lilly yesterday that this arrangement had been carried out. An investigation was made last night and twenty-nine tramps were found to be crowded on the floor of the "bum rooms" at the station house. The report shows that on the night before, which was more inclement, there were forty-two tramps. They were all distinct types of the genus. There was no mistaking that had they known of the stone pile arrangement they would not have asked for shelter there, and would make it convenient to leave the city. It is quite possible that some of them are imposing upon those in charge of the registration at the Commercial Club, and by representing that they are destitute are enabled to receive cards of reference to the charity organization calling for immediate relief, which is given in cases of destitution pending an investigation by the organization. Owing to the great number of genuine workingmen who are unemployed, and who are asking for assistance from the bureau, the agent of the bureau finds it impossible to investigate every case before some relief is given. The club will call the attention of the city authorities to the neglect of the arrangements whereby the city was either to rid itself of the undesirable class or was to utilize their surplus strength in providing an excellent road material.

AFTER THE TRUSTS

Wholesale Grocers Considering Plans to Free Themselves.

Prices Dictated by Pools and Combinations Until Jobbers No Longer Run Their Own Business.

Yesterday the wholesale grocers of the

State met at the Grand Hotel and were in session the greater part of the afternoon and until after 6 o'clock last night. The session was provided over by G. E. Bursley. Most of the time was taken up in discussing the situation in which their business interests are placed by the various manufacturers of the country. The meeting was a very close-mouthed affair and none of the officers would tell about any of the transactions of the day. Secretary D. W. Coffin stated, last night, that he would give no information as to what had occurred at the session during the day, but that he thought he would be able to do so in a short time. A movement had been instituted yesterday, which would be heralded all over the country, that was of great interest to both wholesale and retail grocers of the State. There were about twenty delegates, who represented the trade at yesterday's meeting, one of whom was seen by a reporter of the Journal last night. He declined to be quoted, but said that the conditions had come to be such that it was impossible for the wholesale grocers to proceed further without thoroughly organizing themselves against the combinations and trusts among the manufacturers. "Three-fourths of all the goods we jobbers handle," said he, "are listed to us and neither we nor the retailers dare sell below these list prices. In the various styles of glass and chinaware we meet these combinations. We have the Sugar Trust to fight and all sorts of trusts. For instance, the soap market, while there is no trust in this, is virtually controlled by Procter & Gamble. When I explain the operation of this concern you can very readily see how the most of them are. Procter & Gamble sell goods by list. Not only do they send us a list at which we must sell, but the retailer is sent one also, and if either of us shave the price we are refused goods by the firm and are boycotted. Not only this, but detectives are sent among the retailers to find out who violates the list price. These names are sent to us, and we are instructed not to sell them any more goods. As soon as a man attempts to make a run on any of these listed articles he is marked for slaughter. In just this method all the trusts are operated. The price of sugar is as rigid as cast iron. We are furnished quotations for our retailers' business. So many staple articles are controlled by these combinations that jobbers no longer conduct their own business, the various trusts do it for them. It has come to that point where we might just as well take a vacation and let our clerks conduct our business. We have got to fight fire with fire. The only way these combinations can be brought to terms is by our organizing to meet them. On the other hand the retailers are organized, and, as you see, we stand between two fires, without any

RETAIL GROCERS.

Peddlers' License Discussed-Thanksgiving Gifts. At the regular meeting of the Retail

Grocers' Association last night a committee was appointed to meet the committee on streets and alleys from the City Council on Friday night. The meeting will be devoted to the discussion of the proposed ordinance to raise peddlers' license to \$200 a year. The grocers are anxiously waiting the outcome of the Council's deliberations in this matter, as they claim such an ordinance will prove of vast profit to their busi-

An attempt was made last night by some members of the association to pass a resolution providing for the abandonment of the usual custom of giving presents to customers on Thanksgiving and Christmas day. Some of the grocerymen held that the practice, if carried out this year, would be too expensive. The resolution failed to carry. The president of the association ad- | ing in the part. At the same time, Mr. vised dealers to send their contributions to | Hanley gave a more intelligent rendering deserving customers who are in need instead of making a general distribution of

Jennie Carr's Trial Begun. The case against Jennie Carr, charged with infaticide on a change of venue from Marion county, was called in the Hancock Circuit Court yesterday morning. The people of Indianapolis, on account of the controversy between Judges Brown and Cox as to jurisdiction in this case, have considerable knowledge on this subject. The court, with Judge W. H. Martin on the bench, was all forenoon in securing a jury, but after dinner the case was opened with a first-rate jury in the box, composed principally of farmers. It seems that politics cut some figure in the case, as some jurymen were excused on account of being Democrats. About twenty witnesses from Indianapolis are present, principally for the prosecution. The defense will rely largely upon depositions, as they have depositions of twenty-six witnesses. The only witness examined thus far is the chemical expert. Dr. Eisenbeiss, and Attorney Hord, of the defense, gave him a very rigid and searching cross-examination.

Death of Thomas Dugan.

Thomas Dugan, prominent in Indianapolis Catholic circles, died yesterday at his home, No. 304 South Pennsylvania street. Mr. Dugan had reached the advanced age of seventy-four years, and leaves a large family of grown children. He was born in flicted with rheumatism, and we urge all | from the agency to the Big Four round | Waxford, Ireland, and came to America in Dillon street yesterday morning. 1846. In 1855 he came to Indianapolis, and The railway company has begun extensive | has since lived here continuously.

HE MADE A LONG-TALK

Governor Matthews Converses Over Hundreds of Miles of Wire.

Service of the Long-Distance Telephone Company Auspiciously Opened Yesterday Afternoon.

Residents of this city can now "hello" to friends in New York, and be perfectly understood over the long-distance telephone wire now in operation between this city and the metropolis. At 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon the wire was formally opened in the clubrooms at the Bates House, and kept open till 7 p. m. During the three hours several hundred persons called at the rooms and talked to persons in the faraway city of the Empire State or listened to the conversation of others. At the north end of the clubrooms was a long table, at the far end of which was the transmitter and around which were arranged a number receivers to enable many perwas being carried on over the wire. The line connects this city with all the principal cities of the East and West and was formally opened by Gov. Matthews at the appointed hour yesterday. Sitting at the far end of the table and in front of the transmitter, he was connected with Chicago, and asked for Mayor Swift, who was to receive the first message from the Hoosier capital over the long distance wire. Mayor Swift was unable to respond in person, and the message was received and answered by Chairman Madden, of the finance committee, who acts in the Mayor's stead during the latter's absence. The message of Governor Matthews was as follows: "I, Claude Matthews, Governor of Indiana, send greeting from this, the capital and greatest inland city of the continent, to Hon. Mr. Swift, the Mayor of the great est lake city of the American continent, and while the relations between the two cities have been close, we trust that this long distance line of the American Telephone and Telegraph Company, opened and established here this day, may be a tie of still closer union. And I beg to assure you

that Indianapolis is well equipped to keep in step in the grand march of thought and progress and commercial enterprise in this, the wonderful age of electricity.' To Mayor Gilroy, of New York city, Gov. Matthews sent the same message, with the exception that the greeting was sent to the greatest city of the continent instead of the greatest lake city. On account of an appointment with his physician, Mayor Gilroy was unable to answer the greeting in person, and deputized H. G. Bates to receive and respond to the greeting from

The long-distance company have lines so situated that it is estimated that 40,000,000 are within reach of their telephones for practical purposes. The line over which messages are at present transmitted to Chicago extends by the way of Dayton and Toledo, but there will in the near future be a direct line from this city to the windy city. The line to New York also goes by the way of Dayton and Toledo, but they are at present constructing a line from Dayton to Pittsburg, which will give a more di rect connection with New York. From this city a line will also be constructed to St Louis and other Western cities. In New York city they have fifty-seven stations, and where these are in hotels or other pub lic places they have a sound proof booth, insuring secrecy to patrons. They will operate in connection with local telephone exchanges, and if a person is desired at the telephone will send a messenger for the person desired from the nearest telephone station. It would appear to be the tie which will bind cities and communities separated by long distances into a closer communication with one another. H. J. Curl, of Pittsburg, has the management of the business in this city.

BREWERS' BALL.

Police Wanted In Under a Misappre hension and Were Not Admitted. The Association of Brewers, which gave a ball at Maennerchor Hall last night, closed the doors at 11 o'clock and refused to admit a number of people who claimed to hold tickets. Police Captain Campbell and three of his men attempted to gain admittance, but were also refused. This fact led the police to believe that the law regulating beer selling after 11 o'clock was being violated. About 12 o'clock Sergeant Laporte was admitted, but could detect nothing irregular about the entertainment, and left without molesting the merry makers, who were among the best German people of the city. At one time there was a crowd of twenty-five young fellows about the door, all holding tickets which they had purchased in advance. The doorkeeper was obdurate in his refusal to open the doors, which created a confusion in the disappointed crowd outside almost akin to a riot One estimable German, who gave the name of Adolph Miller, ventured from the ballroom with the purpose of explaining the matter to the crowd. He had evidently patronized the bar with more frequency than was good for him. His legs were decidedly unsteady and unluckily led him among the police officers, who hustled him off to the station house. Adolph took the matter of his arrest philosophically and retired to his iron bunk humming "After the Ball" in a tone softly tinctured with frony. The report that the police ordered the bar closed at the Lyra Club while Councilme Stein and Krauss were at the club is erroneous. A man in uniform called at the club about 11 o'clock on the night in question, and this gave rise to the report.

AMUSEMENTS.

Hanley and Miss Lemmert in Romeo and Juliet.

Lovers of those two beautiful and un-

rivaled Shakspearean characters, Romeo

and Juliet, missed a decided treat in romantic acting if they failed to see Lawrence Hanley and Miss Edith Lemmert in that sublimest poem Shakspeare ever wrote, as given at the Grand last night. As Hamlet Mr. Hanley was criticised for his, perhaps, too robust passionate performance for the generally accept notion of the somber Dane, though just why the Prince of Denmark should be always a gaunt figure, simply because he is grief stricken, is not clear. However, the same objection will not hold with Romeo. Those very characteristics that make Mr. Hanley a powerful Hamlet are what made Romeo a most delightful and highly popular lover. He has the same advantage in a handsome and passionate figure which made Kyrle Bellew so ravishof the character as Shakspeare must have conceived it than the suggestively effeminate Bellew could possibly. But this is only natural with one whose dramatic training came from continued association with Booth and Barrett. The Juliet of Miss Lemmert was another surprise to the audience of the pleasantest sort. Miss Lemmert comes unheralded by any blare of three-sheet posters or paid advertisements on the gorgeous costumes she wears in this or that scene, but she plunges with much confidence into the entrancing Juliet's wardrobe, and gives a truly commendable and painstaking impersonation. There is a naive familiarity and open-hearted confidential manner assumed by Miss Lemmert that give Juliet a charm which is original and withal very taking. Miss Willa Martin, as Ada in "The Player," was more herself last night, all the nervousness of a first night in her own town having disappeared. Those who have studied the work of this new candidate for dramatic honors unite in predicting for her a brilliant future, which can hardly be marred by a failure to continue in the conscientious methods which appear to be a natural gift with her. At the matinee at the Grand to-day Mr. Hanley and his company will repeat "The Player," giving scenes from "Lady of Lyons" for the prologue, and the only change for to-night will be the substitution of scenes from "Damon and Pythias." Tonight's performance will be for the benefit of the building fund of the K. of P. At English's the last two performances of Nutmeg Match" will be given this afternoon and to-night. "The Stowaway" will

run all week at the Park. There will be special Thanksgiving matinees at all the theaters to-morrow. At the Grand Lewis Morrison will be seen in his

SELF-RAISING

Ellsler will present her new play, "Doris," in which she is meeting with great success. By special request she will give "Hazel Kirke" Saturday night.

'TWAS A MILD RUMOR,

Friends of the State Treasurer Much Alarmed Over a Groundless Report.

The friends of State Treasurer Albert Gall were much exercised for a time, last night, over the report that Mr. Gall had been shot and fatally wounded. As the rumor gained circulation it was heralded about that George Buskirk had done the shooting. This news necessarily alarmed that gentleman's friends and, for several hours, there was considerable anxiety among the acquaintances of both who had heard of the absurd rumor. The source of the ridiculous story could not be located. The report even spread over the counprobably through a hasty tip sent out by the Associated Press, and caused much excitement in metropolitan newspaper-offices. Local correspondents were routed out of bed by telegrams and came hustling down town only to return home in disgust A St. Louis paper telegraphed: "Has State Treasurer Gall been assassinated? If so, rush 1,000 words." Another somewhat more nervous editor in Chicago telegraphed "Rush story of assassination of Secretar of State. How much will you have? Rush

LINCOLN LEAGUE CLUBS.

Everything in Readiness for the Big Meeting To-Morrow Evening.

A State meeting of the Lincoln League clubs will be held in this city to-morrow evening, and many prominent Republicans from all parts of the State will be in attendance. The arrangements made by Warwick H. Ripley, the organizer for Marion county, have been approved. At 7 o'clock in the evening a business meeting of the leagues will be held at the rooms of the Marion Club, at which speeches will be made by President Marcus L. Sulzer, of Madison; ex-President William L. Taylor, of this city; Will Fessler and others. At 8:30 the representatives will adjourn to the Columbia Club, where two-minute toasts will be made.

GENERAL WEATHER BULLETIN.

Forecast for To-Day. WASHINGTON, Nov. 28 .- For Indiana and Illinois-Fair, probably followed by local snows in northern portions; southerly winds, becoming variable; colder Wedness day night.

For Ohio-Local snows or light rains on the lakes, fair in the interior; southerly winds, becoming variable; slightly warmer

Local Observations.

in Ohio.

Bureau.

INDIANAPOLIS, Nov. 28. Time. | Bar. Ther. R. H. | Wind. | Weather. | Prec. 7 A.M. 29.98 36 86 West. Cloudy. 0.01 7 P. M. 29.94 45 61 S'east. Cloudy. 0.00 Maximum temperature, 47; minimum temperture, 34. The following is a comparative statement of the temperature and precipitation on

Nov. 28, 1893: Normal. dean..... Departure from normal. Excess or deficiency since Nov. 1 -0.39Excess or deficiency since Jan. 1 -143 -4.28 C. F. R. WAPPENBANS, Local Forecast, Official United States Weather

CITY NEWS NOTES.

Mr. H. D. Vories, Superintendent of Public Instruction, made an address, yesterday afternoon, to the students and faculty of the Indianapolis Business University, When

Jacob H. Haager, captain of police, of Louisville, is in the city, the guest of members of the police department. At last night's roll call Captain Haager addressed the officers and paid the department some happy compliments.

One of the busiest men in Indianapolis at the present time is Police Surgeon Earp, who is in almost constant attendance at the bedside of a large per cent. of the fire and police department. Yesterday fifteen members of both departments were reported ill with various maladies. Influenza. seems to have the preference among the

police officers. Fought Over a Girl.

William Hughey and James Stokes were arrested last night for assault and battery. The men were found fighting like mad in front of the Capital Hotel on West Washington street. The trouble occurred over the attentions paid by Hughey to a young woman friend of Stokes.

Medical Society's Meeting.

At last night's meeting of the Marion County Medical Society Dr. E. R. Lewis read a paper upon the hygiene of the vocal organs, particularly in its application to public speakers and singers. Dr. L. Cline reported cases of fungoid growths upon the

Female Linguists.

Augusta, Chronicle Max Muller says that women have greater influence than men in the making of a language. He might have added that they are entitled to this preponderance, since they used the language more when it is

England Will Take It.

Philadelphia Press. A British syndicate is begging the Nicaraguan government to give it control of the interoceanic canal, if the A crican company relinquishes its claim. Ten. his-

tory will repeat itself in Hawaii shortly.

A New Pile Remedy Has created a sensation among physicians by its wonderful effects in speedily curing every form of Piles. It is called the Pyramid Pile Cure. It is cheap and simple to use, but nothing removes the disease so quickly, safely and surely. Any druggist will get it for you.

